Cholesky factorization/decomposition

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May 29, 2018





$$LL^T = A$$
 $L := \Gamma(A)$

$$L = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array}\right) = ?$$

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$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c|c} L_{TL} & & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c|c|c} L_{TL}^T & L_{BL}^T \\ \hline & L_{BR}^T \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c|c|c} A_{TL} & A_{BL}^T \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array} \right)$$

$$LL^T = A$$
 $L := \Gamma(A)$

$$L = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array}\right) = ?$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
L_{TL}L_{TL}^T = A_{TL} \\
\hline
L_{BL}L_{TL}^T = A_{BL} & L_{BL}L_{BL}^T + L_{BR}L_{BR}^T = A_{BR}
\end{array}\right)$$

$$LL^T = A$$
 $L := \Gamma(A)$

$$L = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array}\right) = ?$$

Partitioned Matrix Expression (PME):

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
L_{TL} = \Gamma(A_{TL}) \\
L_{BL} = A_{BL}L_{TL}^{-T} & L_{BR} = \Gamma(A_{BR} - L_{BL}L_{BL}^{T})
\end{array}\right)$$

$$LL^T = A$$
 $L := \Gamma(A)$

$$L = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array}\right) = ?$$

Operations:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} 1) \ L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} \\ \hline 2) \ L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} & 3) \ L_{BR} = \text{CHOL(SYRK)} \\ \end{array} \right)$$

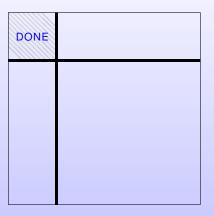
$$LL^T = A$$
 $L := \Gamma(A)$

$$L = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} & L_{BR} \end{array}\right) = ?$$

Dependencies:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
L_{TL} = \Gamma(A_{TL}) \\
L_{BL} = A_{BL} L_{TL}^{-T} & L_{BR} = \Gamma(A_{BR} - L_{BL} L_{BL}^{T})
\end{array}\right)$$

Iteration i: completed



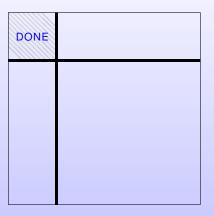
State of the matrix:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} \end{array}\right)$$

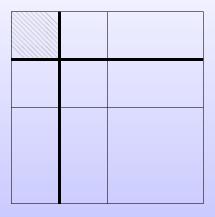
Final state:

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} \\ \hline L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} & L_{BR} = \text{CHOL(SYRK)} \end{pmatrix}$$

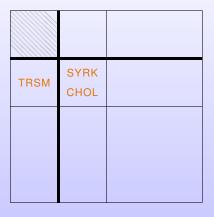
Iteration i: completed



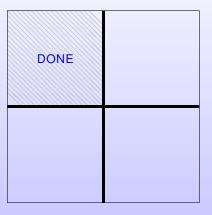
Iteration i+1: repartitioning. Blocked vs. unblocked!



Iteration i+1: computation



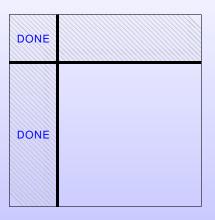
Iteration i+1: completed (boundary shift)



A Different Algorithm?

НРМС

Iteration i: completed



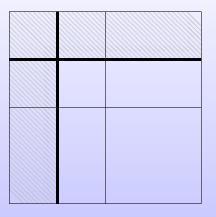
State of the matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} \\ L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} \end{pmatrix}$$

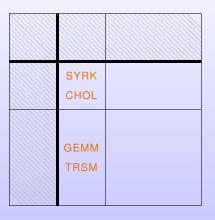
Final State:

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} & L_{BR} = \text{CHOL(SYRK)} \end{pmatrix}$$

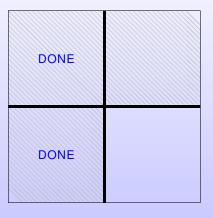
Iteration i+1: repartitioning



Iteration i+1: computation



Iteration i+1: completed (boundary shift)



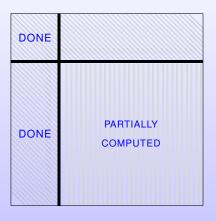
State of the matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} \\ \hline L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} & L_{BR} = \text{SYRK} \end{pmatrix}$$

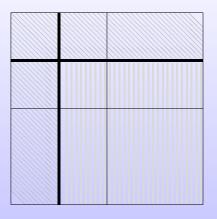
Final state:

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{TL} = \text{CHOL} & \\ \hline L_{BL} = \text{TRSM} & L_{BR} = \text{CHOL(SYRK)} \end{pmatrix}$$

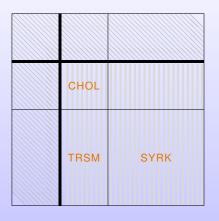
Iteration i: completed



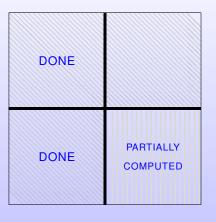
Iteration i+1: repartitioning



Iteration i+1: computation



Iteration i+1: completed (boundary shift)



Algorithms

Algorithm: $A := CHOL_UNB(A)$

Partition
$$A \rightarrow \left(\frac{A_{TL}}{A_{BL}} \mid \frac{\star}{A_{BR}}\right)$$

where A_{TL} is 0×0
while $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do

Repartition

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
A_{TL} & \star \\
A_{BL} & A_{BR}
\end{array}\right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c}
A_{00} & \star & \star \\
\hline
a_{10}^T & \alpha_{11} & \star \\
\hline
A_{20} & a_{21} & A_{22}
\end{array}\right)$$
where α_{11} is 1×1

Variant 1:

$$a_{10}^T := a_{10}^T \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{00})^{-T}$$

 $\alpha_{11} := \sqrt{\alpha_{11} - a_{10}^T a_{10}}$

Variant 2:

$$lpha_{11} := \sqrt{lpha_{11} - a_{10}^T a_{10}} \ a_{21} := (a_{21} - A_{20} a_{10})/lpha_{11}$$

Variant 3:

$$egin{aligned} lpha_{11} &:= \sqrt{lpha_{11}} \ a_{21} &:= a_{21}/lpha_{11} \ A_{22} &:= A_{22} - ext{TRIL}(a_{21}a_{21}^T) \end{aligned}$$

Continue with

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array} \right) \leftarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ \hline a_{10}^{T} & \alpha_{11} & \star \\ \hline A_{20} & a_{21} & A_{22} \end{array} \right)$$
 endwhile

Algorithm: $A := Chol_Blk(A)$

Partition
$$A \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array}\right)$$

where A_{TL} is 0×0 while $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do Determine block size bRepartition

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
A_{TL} & \star \\
A_{BL} & A_{BR}
\end{array}\right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c}
A_{00} & \star & \star \\
A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\
A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22}
\end{array}\right)$$
where A_{11} is $b \times b$

Variant 1:

$$\begin{split} A_{10} &:= A_{10} \operatorname{tril}(A_{00})^{-T} \\ A_{11} &:= \Gamma(A_{11} - \operatorname{tril}(A_{10}A_{10}^T)) \end{split}$$

Variant 2:

$$\begin{split} A_{11} &:= \Gamma(A_{11} - \text{tril}(A_{10}A_{10}^T)) \\ A_{21} &:= (A_{21} - A_{20}A_{10}^T) \, \text{tril}(A_{11})^{-T} \end{split}$$

Variant 3:

$$A_{11} := \Gamma(A_{11})$$

$$A_{21} := A_{21} \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{11})^{-T}$$

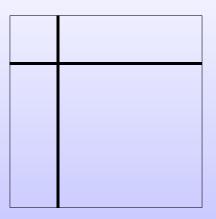
$$A_{22} := A_{22} - \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{21} A_{21}^T)$$

Continue with

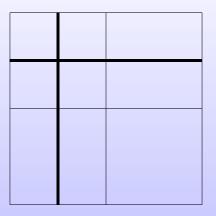
$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & A_{TR} \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array}\right) \leftarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ \hline A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ \hline A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{array}\right)$$

endwhile

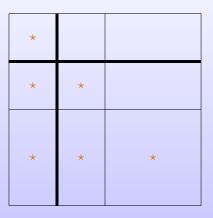
Iteration i: completed



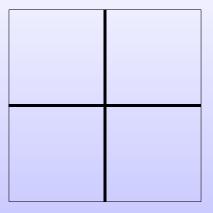
Iteration i+1: repartitioning



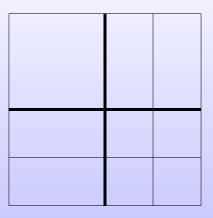
Iteration i+1: computation



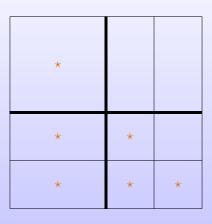
Iteration i+1: completed (boundary shift)



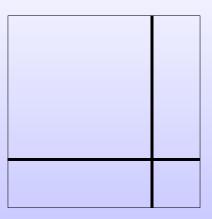
Iteration i+2: repartitioning



Iteration i+2: computation



Iteration i+2: complete (boundary shift)



• C, triple loop, unblocked.

```
for ( j = 0; j < n; j++ )
{
    A[j,j] = sqrt( A[j,j] );

    for ( i = j+1; i < n; i++ )
        A[i,j] = A[i,j] / A[j,j];

    for ( k = j+1; k < n; k++ )
        for ( i = k; i < n; i++ )
              A[i,k] = A[i,k] - A[i,j] * A[k,j];
}</pre>
```

Traditional code

Matlab, blocked.

Paolo Bientinesi | HPMC

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```
SUBROUTINE DPOTRF( UPLO, N, A, LDA, INFO )
[..]
     DO 20 J = 1, N, NB
         JB = MIN(NB, N-J+1)
        CALL DSYRK( 'Lower', 'No transpose', JB, J-1, -ONE,
                    A( J, 1 ), LDA, ONE, A( J, J ), LDA )
        CALL DPOTF2( 'Lower', JB, A( J, J ), LDA, INFO )
         IF( INFO.NE.O )
           GO TO 30
         IF( J+JB.LE.N-1 ) THEN
           CALL DGEMM( 'No transpose', 'Transpose', N-J-JB+1, JB,
                        J-1, -ONE, A( J+JB, 1 ), LDA, A( J, 1 ),
                       LDA, ONE, A(J+JB, J), LDA)
           CALL DTRSM( 'Right', 'Lower', 'Transpose', 'Non-unit',
  $
                       N-J-JB+1, JB, ONE, A(J, J), LDA,
                       A(J+JB, J), LDA)
        END IF
 20
      CONTINUE
```

Partition

$$\begin{array}{c|c} A \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{where} & A_{TL} \text{ is } 0 \times 0 \end{array}$$

While $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do

Repartition

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$
 where A_{11} is $b \times b$

$$\begin{split} A_{11} &:= \Gamma(A_{11}) \\ A_{21} &:= A_{21} \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{11})^{-T} \\ A_{22} &:= A_{22} - \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{21}A_{21}^T) \end{split}$$

Continue with

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array}\right) \leftarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ \hline A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ \hline A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{array}\right)$$

endwhile

```
function [ A out ] = Chol blk( A, nb alg )
  [ ATL, ATR, ...
    ABL, ABR ] = FLA_Part_2x2( A, ...
                               0, 0, 'FLA_TL');
  while ( size( ATL, 1 ) < size( A, 1 ) )
    b = min( size( ABR, 1 ), nb alg );
    [ A00, A01, A02, ...
      A10, A11, A12, ...
      A20, A21, A22 ] = FLA_Repart_2x2_to_3x3( ATL, ATR, ...
                                               ABL, ABR, ...
                                               b, b, 'FLA_BR' );
    A11 = Chol_unb(A11);
    A21 = A21 / tril( A11 )';
    A22 = A22 - tril(A21 * A21');
    Γ ATL. ATR. ...
      ABL, ABR ] = FLA Cont with 3x3 to 2x2( A00, A01, A02, ...
                                             A10, A11, A12, ...
                                             A20, A21, A22, ...
                                              'FLA TL' ):
  end
  A_out = [ ATL, ATR
            ABL, ABR ];
return
```

Partition

$$A \to \begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix}$$
 where A_{TL} is 0×0

While $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do

Repartition

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$
 where A_{11} is $b \times b$

$$\begin{split} A_{11} &:= \Gamma(A_{11}) \\ A_{21} &:= A_{21} \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{11})^{-T} \\ A_{22} &:= A_{22} - \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{21}A_{21}^T) \end{split}$$

Continue with

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{array}\right) \leftarrow \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ \hline A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ \hline A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{array}\right)$$

endwhile

```
function [ A out ] = Chol blk( A, nb alg )
  [ ATL, ATR, ...
    ABL, ABR ] = FLA_Part_2x2( A, ...
                               0, 0, 'FLA_TL');
  while ( size( ATL, 1 ) < size( A, 1 ) )
    b = min( size( ABR, 1 ), nb alg );
    [ A00, A01, A02, ...
      A10, A11, A12, ...
      A20, A21, A22 ] = FLA_Repart_2x2_to_3x3( ATL, ATR, ...
                                               ABL, ABR, ...
                                               b, b, 'FLA_BR' );
    A11 = Chol_unb(A11);
    A21 = A21 / tril( A11 )';
    A22 = A22 - tril(A21 * A21');
    Γ ATL. ATR. ...
      ABL, ABR ] = FLA Cont with 3x3 to 2x2( A00, A01, A02, ...
                                             A10, A11, A12, ...
                                             A20, A21, A22, ...
                                             'FLA_TL');
  end
  A_out = [ ATL, ATR
            ABL, ABR ];
return
```

$\begin{aligned} & \text{Partition} \\ & A \to \begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \\ & \text{where} \quad A_{TL} \text{ is } 0 \times 0 \\ & \text{While} \quad m(A_{TL}) < m(A) \text{ do} \\ & \text{Repartition} \\ & \begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \to \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix} \\ & \text{where} \quad A_{11} \text{ is } b \times b \\ & A_{11} \coloneqq \Gamma(A_{11}) \\ & A_{21} \coloneqq A_{21} \text{ TRIL}(A_{11})^{-T} \\ & A_{22} \coloneqq A_{22} - \text{TRIL}(A_{21}A_{21}^T) \end{aligned}$ & Continue with

endwhile

```
function [ A out ] = Chol blk( A, nb alg )
  [ ATL, ATR, ...
    ABL, ABR ] = FLA_Part_2x2( A, ...
                               0, 0, 'FLA_TL' );
  while ( size( ATL, 1 ) < size( A, 1 ) )
    b = min( size( ABR, 1 ), nb alg );
    [ A00, A01, A02, ...
     A10, A11, A12, ...
      A20, A21, A22 ] = FLA_Repart_2x2_to_3x3( ATL, ATR, ...
                                               ABL, ABR, ...
                                               b, b, 'FLA_BR' );
    A11 = Chol_unb(A11);
    A21 = A21 / tril( A11 )';
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    Γ ATL. ATR. ...
      ABL, ABR ] = FLA Cont with 3x3 to 2x2( A00, A01, A02, ...
                                             A10, A11, A12, ...
                                             A20, A21, A22, ...
                                             'FLA_TL');
  end
  A_out = [ ATL, ATR
            ABL, ABR ];
return
```

Partition

$$\begin{array}{c|c} A \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{where} \ \ A_{TL} \text{ is } 0 \times 0 \end{array}$$

While $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do

Repartition

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$
 where A_{11} is $b \times b$

$$A_{11} := \Gamma(A_{11})$$

$$A_{21} := A_{21} \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{11})^{-T}$$

$$A_{22} := A_{22} - \operatorname{TRIL}(A_{21} A_{21}^T)$$

Continue with

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \\ A_{20} & A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

endwhile

```
function [ A out ] = Chol blk( A, nb alg )
  [ ATL, ATR, ...
   ABL, ABR ] = FLA_Part_2x2( A, ...
                             0, 0, 'FLA_TL' );
 while ( size( ATL, 1 ) < size( A, 1 ) )
   b = min( size( ABR, 1 ), nb alg );
    [ A00, A01, A02, ...
     A10, A11, A12, ...
     A20, A21, A22 ] = FLA_Repart_2x2_to_3x3( ATL, ATR, ...
                                             ABL, ABR, ...
                                             b, b, 'FLA_BR' );
    A11 = Chol_unb(A11);
    A21 = A21 / tril( A11 )';
    A22 = A22 - tril(A21 * A21');
   Y-----
   Γ ATL. ATR. ...
     ABL. ABR l = FLA Cont with 3x3 to 2x2( A00, A01, A02, ...
                                           A10, A11, A12, ...
                                           A20, A21, A22, ...
                                           'FLA TL' ):
  end
  A_out = [ ATL, ATR
           ABL, ABR ];
return
```

Partition $A \to \left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_{TL} & \star \\ \hline A_{RL} & A_{RR} \end{array}\right)$ where A_{TL} is 0×0 While $m(A_{TL}) < m(A)$ do Repartition where A_{11} is $b \times b$ $A_{11} := \Gamma(A_{11})$ Continue with $\begin{pmatrix} A_{TL} & \star \\ A_{BL} & A_{BR} \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{00} & \star & \star \\ A_{10} & A_{11} & \star \end{pmatrix}$

endwhile

```
function [ A out ] = Chol blk( A, nb alg )
  [ ATL, ATR, ...
    ABL, ABR ] = FLA_Part_2x2( A, ...
                               O. O. 'FLA TL' ):
  while ( size( ATL, 1 ) < size( A, 1 ) )
    b = min( size( ABR, 1 ), nb alg );
    [ A00, A01, A02, ...
      A10, A11, A12, ...
      A20, A21, A22 ] = FLA_Repart_2x2_to_3x3( ATL, ATR, ...
                                                ABL, ABR, ...
                                                b. b. 'FLA BR' ):
    Γ ATL. ATR. ...
      ABL, ABR ] = FLA Cont with 3x3 to 2x2( A00, A01, A02, ...
                                              A10, A11, A12, ...
                                              A20, A21, A22, ...
                                              'FLA TL' ):
  end
  A_out = [ ATL, ATR
            ABL, ABR ];
return
```